

### St. James's Hospital

#### Competency for Providing safe and effective care to a patient with Tracheostomy tube.

The following Policies/Protocols/Guidelines are applicable to this competency: 1. Tracheostomy care and management Guideline:SJH:N069.

	(Tick/date/initial as applicable)				
NMBI(2016) Domains of Competence	Performance Criteria	<b>Needs</b> <b>Theory</b> Date/Initials	Needs Practice Date/Initials	<b>Competent</b> Date/Initials	
Demonstrates basic knowledge of tracheostomy tubes					
1,5	Explains the following terms and identifies the functional features of a tracheostomy tube • Inner Cannula				
	<ul> <li>Flange or neck piece</li> <li>Obturator/introducer</li> <li>Cuff</li> <li>Fenestration</li> </ul>				
1,5	• Decannulation Explains the difference between fenestrated and unfenestrated tracheostomy tubes and can identify the clinical indications for each type of tracheostomy tube.				
1,5	Identifies the various types of tracheostomy tubes used in the department/ward.				
	Demonstrates knowledge of the indications & con	nplications of	tracheostomy		
1,5	Lists the indications for insertion of a tracheostomy tube.				
1,5	Lists both the immediate and late complications post tracheostomy insertion.				
P	rovides appropriate nursing care to the pa	tient with a t	racheostom	7	
	Ensures adequate oxygend		<b>v</b>		
1,5	List the indications for and nursing management of a cuffed tracheostomy tube.				
1,5	Outlines the clinical significance of checking cuff pressure and can list the safe cuff pressure range.				
1,5	Outlines the clinical significance of providing humidified oxygen to patient with a tracheostomy and ensures that it is provided according to guidelines.				
1,5	Lists three methods of humidification, discusses the type of patients each method would be suitable for and the appropriate nursing care required.				
1,5	Rationalises when to use a tracheostomy mask for patients weaning from mechanical or non- invasive ventilation.(Critical Care Areas Only).				
1,5	Demonstrates an understanding of why a patient with a tracheostomy tube is susceptible to infection.				
1,5	Describes the clinical signs and symptoms that might indicate that the patient with a				



# St. James's Hospital

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NMBI(2016)		Needs	Needs	Compotent
Domains of	Performance Criteria	Theory	Practice	Competent
Competence		Date/Initials	Date/Initials	Date/Initials
	tracheostomy tube is developing a respiratory			
	tract infection.			
2,4	Adheres to infection control policy during all			
	aspects of care.			
2,4	Assembles bedside equipment as per guidelines.			
2,4	Can assemble & test the equipment required to			
,	deliver:			
	• High-flow humidified oxygen via a			
	tracheostomy tube			
	• BiPAP via a tracheostomy tube			
	• CPAP via a tracheostomy tube			
2,4	Carries out ongoing assessment of respiratory			
_, .	rate, work of breathing, depth and symmetry of			
	chest movement.			
1,5	Describes the symptoms that would indicate that			
7 -	a patient with a tracheostomy tube is in			
	respiratory distress.			
1,2,4,5	Outlines/Demonstrates the action to be taken if			
, , ,	the following clinical situations occur:			
	Hypoxia/Acute dyspnoea			
	Accidental Decannulation			
	Resuscitation			
2,4	Performs arterial blood gas as appropriate			
7	discussing interpretation of results with a senior			
	colleague (Critical Care Areas Only).			
2,4	Intervenes appropriately if arterial blood gas			
	result is abnormal (Critical Care Areas Only).			
2,4	Demonstrates safe suctioning via the	_		
	tracheostomy according to guidelines.			
1,5	Describes appropriate action if resistance is			
	noted on suctioning.			
	Care of tracheostomy tube a	nd site		
1,5	Describes the clinical signs and symptoms that			
	might indicate that a patient is developing an			
	infection at the tracheostomy site.			
2,4	Inspects the site on each shift for signs of			
	inflammation and infection.			
2,4	Sends a swab for culture and sensitivity if			
	infection is suspected.			
3	Records assessment of site in nursing EPR			
	notes.			
3	If infection is suspected, reports same to nurse			
	in charge and medical staff.			
2,4	Dresses stoma site as per hospital guidelines.			
2,4	Checks and changes inner cannula as per			
	hospital guidelines.			
2,4	Changes tracheostomy ties as required ensuring			
	that they are clean and dry at all times.			
3	Documents inner cannula checks and dressing			
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NMBI(2016) Domains of	Performance Criteria	Needs Theory	Needs Practice	Competent
Competence	i criormance criteria	Date/Initials	Date/Initials	Date/Initials
<b>rr</b>	changes on monitoring form in EPR.			
1,2,4,5	Can rationalise when cuff deflation is required			
-,-, ',2	and demonstrates same.			
1,5	Demonstrates understanding of the role and			
·	management of the stay suture.			
1,5	Discusses decannulation according to hospital			
	guidelines.			
1,3,5	Is aware of the tracheostomy discharge tray or			
	tracheal dilator and spare tubes same size and			
	size smaller and ensures they are sent with			
	patient to the ward.			
	(Critical care Areas Only)			
	Is aware of the tracheostomy over bed sheet			
	and ensures it has been completed and sent to			
	ward with patient.			
	Communication	I	Γ	Γ
1,3,5	Demonstrates an understanding of			
	communication difficulties experienced by a			
	patient with a tracheostomy tube.			
1,5	Is familiar with the role of the Speech and			
	Language Therapist and Tracheostomy CNS.			
1,5	Lists the communication aids available in the			
1.5	department/ward.			
1,5	Discuss the principle uses of a Passy-Muir			
	speaking valve and outlines the nursing			
1.2.4	considerations.			
1,2,4	Demonstrates how to correctly apply a Passy- Muir valve.			
1,3,5				
	Discusses with the patient, methods that may be utilised to communicate with staff.			
1,3,5	Involves family members in any discussion			
1,3,5	regarding communication.			
1,3,5	Educates/supports patient and family on the			
	clinical aspects of tracheostomies.			
1,3,6	Recognises own competency level and explains			
	implications of this in relation to NMBI (2014)			
	Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics /			
	NMBI (2015) Scope of Nursing and Midwifery			
	Practice Framework.			
I have an fficia	ent theoretical knowledge and practice to underta	ka thia nuaada		don on don the

I have sufficient theoretical knowledge and practice to undertake this procedure/skill/role independently, and I acknowledge my responsibility to maintain my own competence in line with the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2015) Scope of Nursing and Midwifery Practice Framework.

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Self Assessment Required:	Yes No 🗸		
Clinical Evaluation by Named Assessor/Mentor Required:	Yes 🖌 No		
Name & Signature of Assessor:	Date:		
Name & Signature of Staff Nurse:	Date:		

Page 3 of 4



## **Learning Log**

Actions necessary to achieve competence:

Supporting evidence of measures taken to achieve/enhance competence: